ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF RULES

on file of the	at your school before	the student may partic ory and physical exam	ipate in any practice sessination form signed by a	student and parent/guardian and be sion, scrimmage, or contest. A copy physician or medical history form
	nt's Nament School			_Date of Birth
		Parent or	Guardian's Permit	
	y give my consent for the a ch or other representative of		u University Interscholastic L	eague approved sports, and travel with
Furthermore, as a condition of participation and for the purpose of ensuring compliance with University Interscholastic League (UIL) rules, I consent to the disclosure of personally identifiable information, including information that may be subject to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), regarding the above named student between and among the following: the high school or middle school where the student currently attends or has attended; any school the student transfers to; the relevant District Executive Committee and the UIL. I further understand that all information relevant to the student's UIL eligibility and compliance with other UIL rules may be discussed and considered in a public forum. I acknowledge that revocation of this consent must be in writing and delivered to the student's school and the UIL.				
It is und remains	It is understood that even though protective equipment is worn by the athlete whenever needed, the possibility of an accident still remains. Neither the University Interscholastic League nor the high school assumes any responsibility in case an accident occurs.			
	ead and understand the Uni r will abide by all of the Un			of this form and agree that my son/
	lersigned agrees to be respo	•	e	d by the school to the above named
If, in the judgement of any representatives of the school, the above student needs immediate care and treatment as a result of any injury or sickness, I do hereby request, authorize, and consent to such care and treatment as may be given to said student by any physician, licensed athletic trainer, nurse, hospital, or school representative; and I do hereby agree to indemnify and save harmless the school and any school representative from any claim by any person whomsoever on account of such care and treatment of said student.				
responsi		n. I understand that failure		s including concussions and my aful information on UIL forms could subject
The Ul	L Parent Information Ma	anual is located at www.	uiltexas.org/files/athletics/	manuals/parent-information-manual.pdf.
				ed athletic trainers, coaches, associated osis and treatment for your student.
To the	Parent: Check any act	tivity in which this stud	dent is allowed to partici	pate.
	Baseball	Football	Softball	Tennis
	Basketball	Golf	Swimming & Diving	Track & Field
	Cross Country	Soccer	Team Tennis	Volleyball
	Wrestling			
	Date			
	Signature of parent of	r guardian		
	Street address			
	City	State	Zip	<u></u>
	Home Phone		Business Phone	

GENERAL INFORMATION

School coaches may not:

- Transport, register, or instruct students in grades 7-12 from their attendance zone in non-school baseball, basketball, football, soccer, softball, or volleyball camps (exception: See Section 1209 of the Constitution and Contest Rules).
- Give any instruction or schedule any practice for an individual or a team during the off-season except during the one in school day athleticperiod in baseball, basketball, football, soccer, softball, or volleyball
- Schools and school booster clubs may not provide funds, fees, or transportation for non-school activities.

GENERAL ELIGIBILITY RULES

According to UIL standards, students could be eligible to represent their school in interscholastic activities if they:

- are not 19 years of age or older on or before September 1 of the current scholastic year. (See Section 446 of the Constitution and Contest Rules for exception).
- have not graduated from high school.
- are enrolled by the sixth class day of the current school year or have been in attendance for fifteen calendar days immediately preceding a varsity contest.
- are full-time students in the participant high school they wish to represent.
- initially enrolled in the ninth grade not more than four years ago.
- are meeting academic standards required by state law.
- live with their parents inside the school district attendance zone their first year of attendance. (Parent residence applies to varsity athletic eligibility only.) When the parents do not reside inside the district attendance zone the student could be eligible if: the student has been in continuous attendance for at least one calendar year and has not enrolled at another school; no inducement is given to the student to attend the school (for example: students or their parents must pay their room and board when they do not live with a relative; students driving back into the district should pay their own transportation costs); and it is not a violation of local school or TEA policies for the student to continue attending the school. Students placed by the Texas Youth Commission are covered under Custodial Residence (see Section 442 of the Constitution and Contest Rules).
- have observed all provisions of the Awards Rule.
- have not been recruited. (Does not apply to college recruiting as permitted by rule.)
- have not violated any provision of the summer camp rule. Incoming 10-12 grade students shall not attend a baseball, basketball, football, soccer, or volleyball camp in which a seventh through twelfth grade coach from their school district attendance zone, works with, instructs, transports or registers that student in the camp. Students who will be in grades 7, 8, and 9 may attend one baseball, one basketball, one football, one soccer, one softball, and one volleyball camp in which a coach from their school district attendance zone is employed, for no more than six consecutive days each summer in each type of sports camp. Baseball, Basketball, Football, Soccer,Softball, and Volleyball camps where school personnel work with their own students may be held in May, after the last day of school, June, July and August prior to the second Monday in August. If such camps are sponsored by school district personnel, they must be heldwithin the boundaries of the school district and the superintendent or his designee shall approve the schedule of fees.
- have observed all provisions of the Athletic Amateur Rule. Students may not accept money or other valuable consideration (tangible or intangible property or service including anything that is usable, wearable, salable or consumable) for participating in any athletic sport during any part of the year. Athletes shall not receive valuable consideration for allowing their names to be used for the promotion of any product, plan or service. Students who inadvertently violate the amateur rule by accepting valuable consideration may regain athletic eligibility by returning the valuable consideration. If individuals return the valuable consideration within 30 days after they are informed of the rule violation, they regain their athletic eligibility when they return it. If they fail to return it within 30 days, they remain ineligible for one year from when they acceptedit. During the period of time from when students receive valuable consideration until they return it, they are ineligible for varsity athletic competition in the sport in which the violation occurred. Minimum penalty for participating in a contest while ineligible is forfeiture of the contest.
- did not change schools for athletic purposes.

	that failure to provide accurate and truthful information on UIL forms could subject n question to penalties determined by the UIL.	
I have read the regulations cited above and agree to follow the rules.		
Date	Signature of student	





University Interscholastic League

Parent and Student Agreement/Acknowledgement Form Anabolic Steroid Use and Random Steroid Testing

- Texas state law prohibits possessing, dispensing, delivering or administering a steroid in a manner not allowed by state law.
- Texas state law also provides that body building, muscle enhancement or the increase in muscle bulk or strength through the use of a steroid by a person who is in good health is not a valid medical purpose.
- Texas state law requires that only a licensed practitioner with prescriptive authority may prescribe a steroid for a person.
- Any violation of state law concerning steroids is a criminal offense punishable by confinement in jail or imprisonment in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice.

STUDENT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND AGREEMENT

As a prerequisite to participation in UIL athletic activities, I agree that I will not use anabolic steroids as defined in the UIL Anabolic Steroid Testing Program Protocol. I have read this form and understand that I may be asked to submit to testing for the presence of anabolic steroids in my body, and I do hereby agree to submit to such testing and analysis by a certified laboratory. I further understand and agree that the results of the steroid testing may be provided to certain individuals in my high school as specified in the UIL Anabolic Steroid Testing Program Protocol which is available on the UIL website at www.uiltexas.org. I understand and agree that the results of steroid testing will be held confidential to the extent required by law. I understand that failure to provide accurate and truthful information could subject me to penalties as determined by UIL.

Student Name (Print): _____ Grade (9-12) _____

Student Signature: _____ Date: _____

PARENT/GUARDIAN CER	RTIFICATION AND ACKNOWLEDGE	MENT
have read this form and ur asked to submit to testing submit my child to such tes the results of the steroid to specified in the UIL Anabo www.uiltexas.org. I unders the extent required by law	nderstand that my student must refrain for the presence of anabolic steroic sting and analysis by a certified labora esting may be provided to certain industrial lic Steroid Testing Program Protocol tand and agree that the results of ste	ctivities, I certify and acknowledge that I n from anabolic steroid use and may be is in his/her body. I do hereby agree to atory. I further understand and agree that dividuals in my student's high school as which is available on the UIL website at roid testing will be held confidential to accurate and truthful information could
Name (Print):		
Signature:	Date:	

Relationship to student:

CONCUSSION ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FORM

Name of Student	

Definition of Concussion - means a complex pathophysiological process affecting the brain caused by a traumatic physical force or impact to the head or body, which may: (A) include temporary or prolonged altered brain function resulting in physical, cognitive, or emotional symptoms or altered sleep patterns; and (B) involve loss of consciousness.

Prevention – Teach and practice safe play & proper technique.

- Follow the rules of play.
- Make sure the required protective equipment is worn for all practices and games.
- Protective equipment must fit properly and be inspected on a regular basis.

Signs and Symptoms of Concussion – The signs and symptoms of concussion may include but are not limited to: Headache, appears to be dazed or stunned, tinnitus (ringing in the ears), fatigue, slurred speech, nausea or vomiting, dizziness, loss of balance, blurry vision, sensitive to light or noise, feel foggy or groggy, memory loss, or confusion.

Oversight - Each district shall appoint and approve a Concussion Oversight Team (COT). The COT shall include at least one physician and an athletic trainer if one is employed by the school district. Other members may include: Advanced Practice Nurse, neuropsychologist or a physician's assistant. The COT is charged with developing the Return to Play protocol based on peer reviewed scientific evidence.

Treatment of Concussion - The student-athlete/cheerleader shall be removed from practice or participation immediately if suspected to have sustained a concussion. Every student-athlete/cheerleader suspected of sustaining a concussion shall be seen by a physician before they may return to athletic or cheerleading participation. The treatment for concussion is cognitive rest. Students should limit external stimulation such as watching television, playing video games, sending text messages, use of computer, and bright lights. When all signs and symptoms of concussion have cleared and the student has received written clearance from a physician, the student-athlete/cheerleader may begin their district's Return to Play protocol as determined by the Concussion Oversight Team.

Return to Play - According to the Texas Education Code, Section 38.157:

A student removed from an interscholastic athletics practice or competition (including per UIL rule, cheerleading) under Section 38.156 may not be permitted to practice or participate again following the force or impact believed to have caused the concussion until:

- (1) the student has been evaluated, using established medical protocols based on peer-reviewed scientific evidence, by a treating physician chosen by the student or the student 's parent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student;
- (2) the student has successfully completed each requirement of the return-to-play protocol established under Section 38.153 necessary for the student to return to play;
- (3) the treating physician has provided a written statement indicating that, in the physician 's professional judgment, it is safe for the student to return to play; and
- (4) the student and the student 's parent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student:
- (A) have acknowledged that the student has completed the requirements of the return-to-play protocol necessary for the student to return to play;
- (B) have provided the treating physician 's written statement under Subdivision (3) to the person responsible for compliance with the return-to-play protocol under Subsection (c) and the person who has supervisory responsibilities under Subsection (c); and
- (C) have signed a consent form indicating that the person signing:
- (i) has been informed concerning and consents to the student participating in returning to play in accordance with the return-to-play protocol;
- (ii) understands the risks associated with the student returning to play and will comply with any ongoing requirements in the return-to-play protocol;
- (iii) consents to the disclosure to appropriate persons, consistent with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Pub. L. No. 104-191), of the treating physician 's written statement under Subdivision (3) and, if any, the return-to-play recommendations of the treating physician; and (iv) understands the immunity provisions under Section 38.159.

Parent or Guardian Signature	Date
Student Signature	

Revised February 2015

Name of Student:

What is Sudden Cardiac Arrest?

- > Occurs suddenly and often without warning.
- An electrical malfunction (short-circuit) causes the bottom chambers of the heart (ventricles) to beat dangerously fast (ventricular tachycardia or fibrillation) and disrupts the pumping ability of the heart.
- > The heart cannot pump blood to the brain, lungs and other organs of the body.
- The person loses consciousness (passes out) and has no pulse.
- > Death occurs within minutes if not treated immediately.

What causes Sudden Cardiac Arrest?

- Conditions present at birth
 - *Inherited* (passed on from parents/relatives) *conditions of the heart muscle*:
 - ♦ **Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy** hypertrophy (thickening) of the left ventricle; the most common cause of sudden cardiac arrest in athletes in the U.S.
 - ♦ **Arrhythmogenic Right Ventricular Cardiomyopathy** replacement of part of the right ventricle by fat and scar; the most common cause of sudden cardiac arrest in Italy.
 - ♦ **Marfan Syndrome** a disorder of the structure of blood vessels that makes them prone to rupture; often associated with very long arms and unusually flexible joints.
 - Inherited conditions of the electrical system:
 - ◆ **Long QT Syndrome** abnormality in the ion channels (electrical system) of the heart.
 - ♦ Catecholaminergic Polymorphic Ventricular Tachycardia and Brugada Syndrome other types of electrical abnormalities that are rare but run in families.
 - **NonInherited** (not passed on from the family, but still present at birth) **conditions**:
 - ◆ **Coronary Artery Abnormalities** abnormality of the blood vessels that supply blood to the heart muscle. The second most common cause of sudden cardiac arrest in athletes in the U.S.
 - ◆ **Aortic valve abnormalities** failure of the aortic valve (the valve between the heart and the aorta) to develop properly; usually causes a loud heart murmur.
 - ◆ Non-compaction Cardiomyopathy a condition where the heart muscle does not develop normally.
 - ♦ **Wolff-Parkinson-White Syndrome** –an extra conducting fiber is present in the heart's electrical system and can increase the risk of arrhythmias.
- > Conditions not present at birth but acquired later in life:
 - ◆ **Commotio Cordis** concussion of the heart that can occur from being hit in the chest by a ball, puck, or fist.
 - ♦ **Myocarditis** infection/inflammation of the heart, usually caused by a virus.
 - **♦** Recreational/Performance-Enhancing drug use.
- ➤ **Idiopathic**: Sometimes the underlying cause of the Sudden Cardiac Arrest is unknown, even after autopsy.

Revised February 2015

What are the symptoms/warning signs of Sudden Cardiac Arrest?

- Fainting/blackouts (especially during exercise)
- Dizziness
- Unusual fatigue/weakness
- Chest pain
- > Shortness of breath
- Nausea/vomiting
- Palpitations (heart is beating unusually fast or skipping beats)
- Family history of sudden cardiac arrest at age < 50

ANY of these symptoms/warning signs that occur while exercising may necessitate further evaluation from your physician before returning to practice or a game.

What is the treatment for Sudden Cardiac Arrest?

- Time is critical and an immediate response is vital.
- > CALL 911
- **Begin CPR**
- Use an Automated External Defibrillator (AED)

What are ways to screen for Sudden Cardiac Arrest?

- The American Heart Association recommends a pre-participation history and physical including 14 important cardiac elements.
- > The UIL <u>Pre-Participation Physical Evaluation Medical History</u> form includes ALL 14 of these important cardiac elements and is mandatory annually.
- Additional screening using an electrocardiogram and/or an echocardiogram is readily available to all athletes, but is not mandatory.

Where can one find information on additional screening?

The Cardiac section on the UIL Health and Safety website (include link).

Parent/Guardian Signature	Date	
Parent/Guardian Name (Print)		
Student Signature	Date	
Student Name (Print)		

ALTO ISD STUDENT COVID-19

Self-Screening Acknowledgement

As always, Alto ISD student health and safety is a top priority. As such, all students who report to an Alto ISD facility must self-screen for the below listed COVID-19 symptoms and take their temperature before entering an Alto ISD facility/vehicle each day. When self-screening, parents of students must determine if they are experiencing any of the following symptoms in a way that is not normal for them.

Feeling feverish or a measured temperature greater than or equal to 100.0 degrees Loss of taste or smell

Cough

Difficulty breathing

Shortness of breath

Fatigue

Headache

Chills

Sore throat

Congestion or runny nose

Shaking or exaggerated shivering

Significant muscle pain or ache

Diarrhea

Nausea or vomiting

Known close contact with a person lab confirmed to have COVID-19

CONFIRM WITH LOCAL HEALTH AUTHORITY *In general, close contact is defined as: (a) being directly exposed to infectious secretions (e.g., being coughed on); or (b) being within 6 feet for a cumulative duration of 15 minutes, however, additional factors like case/contact masking (i.e., both the infectious individual and the potential close contact have been consistently and properly masked), ventilation, presence of dividers, and case symptomology may affect this determination. Either (a) or (b) defines close contact if it occurred during the infectious period of the case, defined as two days prior to symptom onset to 10 days after symptom onset. In the case of asymptomatic individuals who are lab-confirmed with Covid-19, the infectious period is defined as two days prior to the confirming lab test and continuing for 10 days following the confirming lab test.

By signing below, you acknowledge that your child is required to self-screen for the above COVID-19 symptoms and take their temperature before entering an Alto ISD facility/vehicle each day.

You further acknowledge that if your child is experiencing any of the above symptoms in a way that is not normal for them or have been lab-confirmed with COVID-19, they are not to enter an Alto ISD facility/vehicle, and must contact the school nurse immediately.

Student Name:	
Campus:	
Parent Name:	
Date:	
Parent Signature:	